The Cimes to Bispalch

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THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1910

VOTE TO-DAY, AND VOTE RIGHT.

cil. Every man who loves Richmond to help Richmond to-day by

best men in his ward and should cast his ballot against any undesirable who hould be done with especial care.

lection to-day has been attacked in a legitimate fashion by any public speakagainst every bad man on his ward

election to-day should show how the not go unheeded. The voters of every ward have an opportunity to-day to make amends for past fallings and to pile up votes for the men who deserve

THE VANE POINTS STRAIGHT.

Even the stoutest of the stand-pat tical revolution in the Rochester District of New York State. Such a manifested in so short a period in New York, and such a rebuke was nominee in a Republican district When the late James B. Perkins wa ester District in 1909, his majority was 10.167. His support was solid, his him seemed impossible, to weaken the strength of his machine was be yond the hopes of the most daring Democrats. Yet, in the special elec-tion held Tuesday to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Perkins's death, the dis trict went Democratic by 5,831. Following so close on the political earthquake in the Plymouth District in Massachusetts, this election has brought rejoiding in the Democratic of the Empire State tremble.

There were, to be sure, special causes why G. W. Aldridge, the Republican nominee, did not draw out the normal Republican vote. Aldridge was a political boss who had been mixed up in more than one doubtful transaction and whose political corruption had been openly alleged during the last few weeks. This, as the New York Times very properly suggests, probably reduced his majority at least a thousand below that given Perkins; but this cannot account for the wonderful change of sentiment in the district,

The issue which defeated Aldridge was not, after all. Aldridge or the rule for which Aldridge stood, but it was the Aldrich tariff. The Democrats brought this issue clearly before the people, and put Aldridge on the defensive. He did what he could to defend the tariff, but the burden was too heavy for him. He went: down under the load and with him went his political machine and a Republican district

As the same conditions brought victory to the Democrats in the Plymouth District, the two are enough to and butter is cheaper because green little prospect of reconciling their difgive the Democrats warning as to how the wind is blowing. The weathervane points straight; the tariff is the issue for this campaign, and the tariff is the one question upon which. without another issue, the Democrats may hope to have a majority in the next House of Representatives.

One swallow does not make a sum mer, and one election in the Plymouth District and another in the Roches-ter District do not overcome a great Republican majority in Congress, but they show how the thing may be To the world builded start setting staple articles they could gartainly funds what is the use of establishing R.

tion of the Aldrich iniquity, the Dem-

WHO SUCCEEDS THE OLD GUARD

The political prophets of Washingwould soon retire. When the story every man in Congress whose name was among those who love their fel-Maine are really to withdraw from

the Senate will likewise be heralded matter of fact, neither man is as black as he has been painted. Aldrich helping choose men who are qualified believed what he put into law. Hale and will keep many a man false at heart or untrue to the people, conservative, and both will be missed

man of the Maine Republican State lican Congress must be returned to This is a challenge to the Democrats people of the city who are fortunat the campaign, and an admonition to things up next Tuesday week. not relieve any man of his responsibil- it will be lost. The challenge will the control of the party, and the ad-

There is another feature to the simultaneous withdrawal of these leaders which is not without importance cides that he hit the dog and proto the country. It means that the domination of New England in the affairs of the Republican party is also few New England Senators is nearing Richmond Borough to buy the country as a whole, as long as the be followed by Wilson, New England sense, the interests of the Northwest. publican party. If the Republicans of the West and Middle West really get in control of the party there is no resolution, and, in vetoing it, to tell six hours, telling what a transformation may take place in Republican doctrine Every true Democrat will pray for the while, that the affairs of the country may be placed in the hands of the Party of the Constitution.

NOT SUCH GOOD NEWS AFTER ALL. New York is rejoicing because prices

who keep an eye on the market as child of certain senatorial mines, has says, "he might have added that the well as on their houses, have made the been sadly mistreated since it fell into says, "he might have added that the discovery and are fairly shouting for the rough hands of the House comdiscovery and are fairly shouting for the rough hands of the House comfor 7 cents, have increased in weight it. Its locks have been clipped, its "Saving your presence from two pounds to two pounds two spirit has been broken, and there is to be a fair diagnosis. ounces within the last few days, Flour little left to distinguish it as the same has fallen 25 cents the barrel, and po- offspring of the Senate, except its tatoes, in New York, at least, have name. declined almost 50 per cent from the prohibitive prices of last November. Butter is also coming down; eggs are House. The Senate bill fixed the limit we think about his unspeakable four-

mains at its old price. future without danger of imminent fourth-class post-offices are to be exso cheering after all. It does not indicate any real decline in prices. The banks holding them: the House staples which are on the decline are crops are nearly due. Potatoes have fallen, to be sure, but they are the old potatoes which are ready to sprout on the huckster's shelf. Wheat has come down, and consequently bread is the bars and makes all chartered banks the bars and makes all chartered banks. prospect, and it has escaped the clutches of James Patten. In the same way, eggs are now within the reach of the wage-earner because this reach of the wage-earner because this is the season when hens are busiest, the bill, and there would seem to be

think, that prices are really coming form of it-the amendments proposed market really explains why prices are proper, with the exception of that one in grand old Houston. high. If the high prices of last win-ter were not in large part, at least, the result of a small supply and a large demand, there would now be no best argument for the bill—the estabreason why the prices should come down lishment of banking facilities where when there is prospect of an increased none now exist. If the post-offices, supply. If, too, the cold storage plants which are situated where there are no

milch cows.

and the coming of the new do not

CLEAN-UP DAY IS COMING. The City Health Department has clean-up day. All the city carts will be ready to do extra duty that mornand every householder should be prepared to give his premises a thor-Every dark room should be cleaned, every cellar set to rights, and every the back lot.

The gain to the city will be worth day be generally observed. The winbage be quickly removed, there will

The destruction of all the breeding places of flies will thus be a great Ing business, breaking that commandment which

are falling. East Side housekeepers, the postal savings bank bill, the pet politics and politicians." The irre-who keep an eye on the market as child of certain senatorial nurses, han The bakers' loaves, which sell mittee. Its parents would hardly know

little more than half as high as they on deposits in the postal banks at flushing we simply feel like getting were before Christmas. Meat alone, according to the New York Times, respectively. The Senate would have made by the roots." That is a far-fetched every office issuing money orders a idea, however, as there are no trees in Taken on its face, this is enough to place of deposit; the House leaves this Texas. encourage the average man that he to the trustees of the fund with the can eat a square meal in the near understanding that practically all the bankruptcy, but unfortunately, the cluded from the provisions of the act. staples which are on the decline are those, and only those, of which new to purchase Government bonds when the country is at war. The Senate limited the depositories for postal come down, and the cheaper, but a big wheat crop is in logal depositories, subject to the deci-

provender can now be had for the ferences. So far as there is anything good in the bill-and there is very were responsible for the price of all banks, are not to receive the postal

market and could keep prices from already banks, especially as the Government insists that it does not intend be coming, and a full stomach may be to interfere with the regular banking business? The reason for the change year but that happy time has not yet | made by the House is said to be the absence of safes at the fourth-class offices which make them insecure as depost tories. As a matter of fact, this argument applies to all offices of the thirdclass and to many of the second-class, for no safe is but little worse than a

safe which would not stop a burgla

half an hour. These arguments, pro and con, are EMPEROR NOT FREE AGENT ure is wrong in principle and will be wrong in practice. The Government no right to go into business The Government has no right to con pete with the savings banks and to of a political board of trustees the savings funds that might be collected under the postal system. The temptation would be too great to select "pet lore and to poetry, has just published Jackson, as postal depositories, and to use the postal funds as a new asset to boost a Wall Street inflated currency. The sooner the whole thing is forgotten or killed, the better for the busithe legitimate transaction of the bank-

NOT JEALOUS A BIT. Ex-Senator J. B. Foraker is in New

A Wharton subscriber to the Houston Post writes to that paper, "It does no good for you to rail at Roosevelt,"

money to steal. There is Captain Oberlin M. Carter, formerly of the United States Army, who has lost his

The sentiment is growing out in the West for a tariff for revenue only, the Portland Oregonian having reached the conclusion, after years of Protec-tion, that "never can there be "tarin" stability' except on the principle of tariff for revenue." This is the issue upon which the next Presidential campaign should be made by the Demo-

"The fumes of Fashion" is the happy description the New York World applies to the automobile odors which Instead of giving hope, as some little, in either the House or the Senate it must be said that they are not so offensive to the olfactories as the smell down, the decline in the New York by the House strike us as wise and of musk which is the favorite perfume



Remarkable Work Throws New Light on History of Europe.

Nicholas, Like His Predecessors Defers to Popular Sentiment.

BY LA MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

RAND DUKE NICHOLAS MICHAELAIOVITCH, who devotes as
much time and attention to historical research as his cousin,

besides the Prince of Monaco, to belong to the Institute of France. The Prince of Company.)

Treusen of his services to the science of oceanography and Grand Duke Nicholas in the constitution of his immensely valuable historical researches.

Emperor Is Not a Free Apent. Emperor Nicholas, although he fetalins his title of autocrat, is far from being a free agent. Like his predecessers, he is compelled to defer to popular sentiment. Some Russian rules when they realized that it was contrary to the interests of their dynasty, of the sovernment and of the nation, as for instance, when Alexander II, was forced against his will into the rules of the prince of the sovernment and of the nation, as for instance, when Alexander II, was forced against his will find the rules of the prince of the consist. The prince of the consist of the present is a constitutional form of government and and parliamentary representation. It is necessary to bear this in mind in his dealings with the Jews. He per sould have the contrary by the revolutionary press, and has time and again bestowed the most signal marks of travor upon individual members of the nobility. The latter has just held its sixth national congress at St. Petersburg as of the Miscevite aristocracy from every province of the empire were repressed to the Emperor, at its close, a petition, voted nem. con. and containing that the program, which they suffer, it is just because he suffer the population, is still more pronounced among the members of the nobility. The latter has just held its sixth national congress at St. Petersburg as of the Miscevite aristocracy from every yerovince of the empire were repressed to the Emperor, at its close, a petition, voted nem. con. and containing that the province of the empire were the province of the match as a subject to contend the province of the empire were the province of the empire were the province of the empire wer



Daily Queries and Answers

Address all communications for this column to Ouery Editor, Times-Dispatch. No mathematical problems will be solved, no coins or stamps valued and no dealers' names will be given.

A Sketch of General J. A. Early.

Please give me a brief sketch of General Jubal A. Early.

The following sketch appears in the new International Encyclopedia, and is in the main authentic.

General Jubal Anderson Early, and was born in Franklin county, Va., in 1816: graduated at West Point in 1827; served in the Seminole or Florida War of 1837-38, and resigned from the army to take up the practice of the law at Rocky Mount, Va., in 1816: graduated at West Point in 1837; served in the Seminole or Florida War to 1837-38, and resigned from the army to take up the practice of the law at Rocky Mount, Va., in July, 1838. In 1814-42 he was a member of the Virginia House of Delegates, and from 1832 to 1847, and again from 1818 to 1852, he held the position of Commonwealth's attorney. During the Mexican War he was major of a regiment of Virginia volunteers, from January, 1847, to August 1848. On the approach of the Civil War he was entrongly in favor of the maintenance of the Union, and in the Virginia Convention of 1861 he strenuously opposed the adoption of the ordinance of secession, but the ordinance having passed, he threw his lot with his State, and entered the Confederate army as a colonel. He commanded a brigade at the first battle of Manassas, rendering at the first battle of Manassas, renderi

State in the self-under of the profile of the profi

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